

## The Wichita Daily Eagle

M. M. MURDOCK, Editor.  
M. M. MURDOCK & CO., Publishers and Proprietors.

All letters pertaining to the business of the paper should be addressed to the business manager, M. M. Murdock, at the office of the paper, No. 101 N. Main street, Wichita, Kan. The only daily paper published in this city and the only one published in this state and territory.

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## ANOTHER ELEVATOR.

A company with a Capital Stock of One Hundred Thousand Dollars. A Half Million Bushel Capacity—Charter Filed—Work to Commence Soon.

For many long months there has been more or less elevator talk, and principally more. Sometimes there would be a mammoth elevator in sight and later it would disappear. During all the agony and hurrah all along this line some fellow outside was going to put up the cash for the enterprise. Finally, reminded of the swallow that did not get frightened at the neighbors going to get the wheat, some of the leading business men decided to put up an elevator. They were tired of threats from others and having implicit faith in the conditions making the success of the enterprise assured they had no fears about going into the business.

Accordingly two or three weeks ago a meeting was held, attended, some of those who had concerned themselves in the matter, and it was agreed to organize a company with a capital stock of \$100,000 which would put up an elevator with a half million bushel capacity. From this decision a charter was made out and has been filed. The concern will be known as the Union Grain and Elevator company, with a capital stock of \$100,000.

The stockholders are George L. Pratt, George P. Glaze, A. A. Hyde, M. C. Campbell, Pindley Ross, L. C. Jackson, N. E. Neiderlander, Frank Williams, A. W. Bitter. They will hold a meeting not later than the first of next week and organize the company and proceed at once to business. It is proposed to put up an elevator with a storage capacity of half a million bushels, and machinery able to handle twenty-five car loads of grain per day. The first thing as outlined by a member of the company will be to employ an architect who makes that class of work a specialty and who will utilize all the modern elevator improvements.

Great care will be taken in this matter as having the right plans and specifications will proceed to comply with them in the most thorough manner. The location question has not yet been fully settled. Two or three sites are under consideration and one will be selected within a few days. Of course it is desired to get a location that will be easily reached by all railroads to secure the best shipping facilities.

It is scarcely thought possible to get ready to handle this year's crop, but it is thought there will be many crops in the Arkansas valley and the plant will be ready for business next year. The company will be ready to handle the next crop of wheat at any rate. It is also thought by some that when it is clearly demonstrated that Wichita capital has the courage to go into the business it will have a tendency to bring up outside companies in the same business, give them more confidence in the surroundings favorable for the business and the result will be more elevators for Wichita. It is quite certain that one year hence results of this kind will put in an appearance and possibly the start in the line of elevators will find more than one company putting in plants in less than a single short year.

**HIGH FIVE PARTY.**  
The Hon. J. P. Allen threw his hospitable home open last evening to a few gentlemen who were to invite, whom they saw fit, to enjoy the cheer of the Allen residence. By 9 o'clock the guests began to assemble and soon the spacious parlors were comfortably filled with gentlemen who were bent upon enjoying the evening according to their own ideas. High five was a feature of the occasion and the doubtful issues of the game were practically discussed during the early hours of the evening. While this was in progress Mrs. Allen had a feast set out in the dining room and at 11 o'clock the guests were summoned to break up outside companies in the same business, give them more confidence in the surroundings favorable for the business and the result will be more elevators for Wichita. It is quite certain that one year hence results of this kind will put in an appearance and possibly the start in the line of elevators will find more than one company putting in plants in less than a single short year.

**THE POLICE.**  
The police department reported for the month of August \$2,311 collections. The report was received and placed on file. J. E. Hollowell, weigher, reported \$73 for the month of August and also reported that he had held out \$80 to pay his salary as he could not pay rent and live without money. For the month of July he turned in \$19 and there appeared to be an increase in the business.

Carson inquired if the weigher could keep out the money. Glaze said the weighers had not been paid for seven months and could no longer pay. The council should shut its eyes provided the weigher's action was irregular. The matter was disposed of by deferring action. Another weigher having collected \$39 reported as holding it to "await developments."

Johnson moved to instruct the weighers to turn over all money to the city treasurer. Glaze amended that weighers turn over all money to the city treasurer and be allowed three months' pay.

Final estimate on Douglas avenue paving, \$4,000, was approved.

Final estimate for elevating south Market street, \$1,600, submitted in favor of William Chandler.

Carson announced that the laborers needed their money very bad and he urged that bonds be issued immediately—to-night—to pay for the improvement by way of elevation.

The eleventh estimate on city building, \$3,700, was approved.

The police board reported that they would pay the police out of the money collected in the police court.

Carson wanted to know if the board could act so hastily, when the city attorney replied that the funds could be deposited by the board with the city treasurer, but the board could draw on the treasurer in favor of the police force.

Charles Hunter was given more time to construct a sidewalk on Ida avenue. A number of merchants petitioned that he be allowed to place a box behind their stores to receive rubbish from which some one could remove it out of the city.

Glaze moved to refer it to the public improvement committee which prevailed.

A petition from Douglas avenue stated that the asphalt was not as good as the contract called for and asked that no bonds be issued and no money be paid until the pavement was made good. There were about fifty names of the leading business men.

On motion of Glaze the prayers of the petition were granted.

Original bills were read amounting to \$1,800.

An ordinance for paying the first installment on Main street paving bonds was passed.

An ordinance was passed to provide a fund to pay one-tenth of the Douglas avenue paving bonds. The alley improvements were served in the same way, making a special tax on some of the property for front and rear improvement of five miles.

I. R. Wilson was allowed \$1,945 on his personal injury bill.

As appraisers for curb and guttering, Fourth avenue, E. T. Allen, S. D. Halliwell and G. O. M. Buckner were appointed.

It was decided to destroy the \$20,000 bonds in which had occurred mistakes. The finance committee and the mayor were assigned the work.

Martin wanted to borrow \$15,000 from the sewer fund in favor of the general fund. It was decided to borrow \$15,000 in that manner for the fire department and the Wilson claim.

Buckner desired to pay off all small claims by borrowing from a bank.

At this moment a general scrimmage commenced about bills. Each councilman had a bill, or more properly a number of them, that must be paid. Some departments had not been paid since February 1 and were hungry.

Shrader, who has the contract for grading South Market, wanted \$1,000 and the ordinance allowing the same was read. It was claimed that the contractor had not paid his men and there was some danger of trouble. Carson reported a "small shortage" likely to occur. The ordinance was passed and the matter referred to the finance committee.

Carson, on the light committee, did not like the way in which the Thompson-Houston was acting about Second ward light.

Johnson submitted resolution to pave Fourth avenue from First to Douglas, which prevailed.

It was decided to receive the fountains and give them a chance late in the season. The public improvement committee was instructed to figure on the purchase of a street sweeper.

A resolution was passed to condemn Chisholm creek for sewer flushing purposes.

## WILL GO TO CHICAGO.

Mr. W. S. Forey, one of the best known men of southern Kansas, and one of the most popular hotel men of the state, we regret to learn, has concluded to return to his old home in Chicago where he will go into the hotel business again, as he is now negotiating for one of its most popular and central stands. The city of Harper, which has been Mr. Forey's home for some time past, will surely miss him. His backers, unsolicited and voluntarily, furnished him with the strongest letters of endorsement. For years Mr. Forey conducted the Occidental and Douglas Avenue hotels of this city. When the great world's fair opens Mr. F. will see flocking to his hostelry hundreds and thousands of southern Kansans. The Eagle wishes success.

## IMPORTANT MEETING.

The old soldiers are requested to meet at county clerk's office next Saturday morning to more freely investigate the question of holding a northwestern reunion some time this fall. It is desired that as many be present as possible, believing that in the counsel of many there is strength. Should it be decided to hold the reunion it is thought that arrangements can be made to have present some prominent speakers. It is desired to organize an Indiana society and in order to accomplish it all who have come from that state who desire to join the movement are requested to leave their names with County Clerk Dunkin some time this week.

## COUNCIL SESSION.

A Scrimegamo to Have Bills Allowed—Routine Work in Small Quantities.

The city council met last night in regular session having slipped a cog on Monday evening owing to the many attractions in the city of more interest. For the most part routine work prevailed. Some money was reported on hand and there was a general hurly-burly to get certain claims allowed. There was an abundance of bills on hand to lick up the funds and in the rapid run of the evening the sewer fund to help out on salaries and similar indebtedness.

**THE PROCEEDINGS.**  
Members present: Carson, Caswell, Schnitzler, Buckner, Moshack, Glaze, Williams, Mayor Clement presiding.

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## J. T. CAMPBELL &amp; CO.

Established Five Years Ago as a Branch House and Now a Leading Wholesale Grocery Company—Review of Their Business.

The name of J. T. Campbell & Co. has been known in Steubenville, O., for the last twenty years as one of the leading wholesale grocery firms of that state. In 1885 Mr. Campbell was attracted to Wichita by the flattering inducements offered by this city for business. After carefully looking the ground over and estimating the great possibilities of southern Kansas, he concluded to cast his fortune here. He did not open up with a big flourish of trumpets, but simply opened up a branch, making tobacco and cigars a specialty. As fast as he could wind up his affairs in Ohio he began to center his interests here and in the latter part of 1887 moved his family to this city. Firm headquarters is 149 North Market street, and their show rooms have been gradually enlarged from time to time as business demanded. As soon as practicable the entire lower floor of the Walters-Sally block will be needed for a salesroom.

The cigar and tobacco trade gradually increased and when Mr. Campbell moved here himself, he added a full line of groceries and sundries. After the opening of Oklahoma their trade was still further increased, and it became necessary to put a traveling salesman in the territory. The business has gradually improved and the territory of the firm has spread out in it was expedient to cover all lines of goods in the grocery trade. At present this firm has three traveling men and their orders cover the entire southwest, even encroaching upon Eastern territory and include every branch of the trade. The last month's orders exceed the business of any preceding month and their books will show a steady increase in trade each month since their opening. As yet their business has not been pushed and they have been content to simply take care of the orders that naturally came to them on account of location and former business connection. The improved railroad tariff will cause them to enter the field in earnest, and compete in every section of territory tributary to Wichita for a share of the business and they propose to still further extend their facilities until they are able to fully supply the demands of business. In answer to the question Mr. Campbell said that although there were several large wholesalers here there was room for several more. In his opinion the field was ample for several other houses and that their establishment would greatly benefit those already here. The combined influence of a number of big houses was what was necessary to enable Wichita to take entire care of that which in the very nature of things belongs to her. The trade was tributary to the city for several years, but would come here, and the fight was not for business but against outsiders who infringed and used their united influence with the railroads to enable them to do so. Thus far he did not know that there was any complaint on account of discrimination in rates, but such discrepancy would become more and more apparent as the country around here developed and as houses located here to do the business, which would naturally result in a satisfactory adjustment of all such matters. The prospect for the wholesalers must necessarily improve with time and at the present moment he knows of no city in America that offered more inducements to jobbers than Wichita.

## ANNOUNCEMENTS.

Wichita chapter No. 33, R. A. M.—Regular convocation this evening at 8 o'clock. Visting companions invited. Work in Royal Arch.

H. S. SMITHSON, GEO. L. PRATT, Secretary, Acting P. H.

The Ladies Benevolent society of the First Presbyterian church will entertain the West Side Benevolent society, Friday, September 12, at 5 o'clock. Mrs. Garver and Mrs. Rose, 1005 and 1011 North Market street, extend their hospitality to the societies. Tea will be served at 5 o'clock. Ladies please invite your husbands to tea.

Mrs. Geo. BUCKNER, Sec'y.

There will be drill of the U. R. K. of P. this evening at 8 o'clock p. m. By order of CAPTAIN F. S. HOTCHKIN.

Any one having bills against the Woman's Guild of St. John's church, will please present them immediately for payment to Mrs. Beach, 1049 North Topeka avenue.

Regular meeting of Wichita Lodge No. 93, L. O. O. F. this (Friday) evening at 8 o'clock sharp. Visting brothers in good standing invited. A. R. CLARK, N. G. C. L. STANSELL, Recording Secretary.

## THE SUN WORSHIPERS.

A Wonderful Stone Roadway Built by Them 1,200 Feet Up a Mount.

Charles J. Wimple, one of the wealthiest miners in Mexico, is in this city. He told the following wonderful story:

"You have asked me to give an account of the interesting mountain my friend, Jesse D. Grant, and myself saw during our trip through Mexico, on route to this city. Well, that mountain is at once one of the most gigantic exhibitions of man's handiwork and something almost beyond credence were we not already familiar with the work of the Aztecs. Just imagine a valley forty by thirty miles in area, and in its center rising a mound over 1,200 feet in height. Then you can realize the first effect created upon our minds when we came before the hill I am to describe. My friends and I were dumb with wonder and prepared us for the surprise, but we had treated his story with incredulous remarks, and had by no means suspected he had but given a modest description of the mound."

"We gazed to the top and allowed our eyes to follow the windings of a road down to the base. We went around the base and conjectured it was about one and a half miles in circumference. Then we started for the summit. The roadway was built of solid rock clear to the pinnacle, and was from thirty to forty feet in width. A wall of solid rock formed a foundation and as the road was at the same time the outer edge of the road was unguarded. These stones weigh all the way up to a ton each, and are not cemented. The roadway is as level as a floor and is covered with broken pieces of earthenware vessels."

Half way up the mountain is an altar cut in solid rock, and is a low, wide, bowl-shaped structure, and is said to be the altar of the Aztecs. The bowl is of different stone from that used in the walls. The rocks in the walls are dressed by skilled workmen, but are not polished. We saw no inscriptions; in fact, we had no time to spare in making a searching investigation. We did not find arrows, knives or other warlike implements, to satisfy ourselves that the mound had not been used for defensive or offensive purposes."

"Nor was there any evidence to prove that the roadway had been built for the purpose of witnessing bull fights and other sports in the valley. The Aztecs, however, the Aztec sun worshipers expended years of labor on the hill in order that they might have an appropriate place to celebrate their imposing festivals, inasmuch as the roadway was strewn with broken earthenware, and those vessels of a bygone era, and it is about seventy miles from the coast. It is situated in Sonora, between the cities of Altar and Magdalena, and near the Magdalena river. We called the curiously Pallasade mountain, and it is well named."—San Francisco Call.

## A. O. U. W. ENTERTAINMENT.

Wichita Lodge No. 22 entertained the members of the A. O. U. W. and their invited friends in their customary genial way. The hall was crowded with guests and the inviting music soon had the dancing element in the nature of the dizzy whirl. The degree of honor rooms were thrown open to the card players and conversationalists and every department of entertainment was well patronized and equally well enjoyed. It was near midnight before the assembly broke up, and a pleasant evening which is always expected at these entertainments was recorded on the credit of the entertainers by all the guests.

Messrs F. W. Spaulding and George C. Strong have gone into the fire insurance business under the firm name of Spaulding & Strong. They will also look after real estate, farm and city, and some renting and collecting. Mr. Spaulding is an old time fire insurance man, and Mr. Strong's acquaintance in the city is thought will enable him to very soon handle his share of the business. Very few have done more for Wichita in a public way by giving cold cash for public institutions than Mr. George C. Strong.

## THE COURTS.

**DISTRICT COURT.**  
The state of Kansas vs. David Cunningham, a liquor case, was on trial yesterday by jury in the district court, and defendant found guilty as charged in one count. State vs. Henry Hermess, a similar case, was also called before a jury. Forest City Building and Loan association vs. B. S. Garrison et al, judgment on cross petition of M. W. Levy vs. Garrison for \$4,735. No cases of interest were filed in this court yesterday.

The Kansas corpus case of Brewer, an Oklahoma prisoner confined in the Sedgewick county jail, which came before Judge Reed for hearing, is still under advisement. If this writ is sustained and the prisoner released, it will virtually release fifteen others who are similarly confined. Before the establishment of the territorial government the attorney general issued a general order to confine prisoners from the territory in the Sedgewick county jail, and the question at issue now is if that order is still in force or if its life ended with the formation of a judicial district in Oklahoma. If the order is not yet in force there are sixteen persons confined in the jail here for crimes committed in another district.

**PROBATE COURT.**  
The hearing of claims against the estate of William Craig, deceased, passed. Claims vs. the estate of Lizzie Hansen, deceased, heard and allowed. A marriage license was issued yesterday in the probate court to Robert H. Hall of Philadelphia, Ill., and Mary L. Neal of Wichita. The routine work of the court otherwise occupied Judge Buckner yesterday.

**COMMON PLEAS.**  
State vs. William Mitchell, a whisky case, was on trial by jury Judge Reed's court yesterday, who returned a verdict of not guilty. State vs. William Munsen, pleaded guilty to the charge of a crime against nature, and was sentenced to two and a half years in the penitentiary. A number of whisky cases were continued for further evidence, which virtually disposes of them. Motions and demurrers were also argued before the court and disposed of.

**JUSTICES COURTS.**  
Before Justice Barrett—J. C. Ferguson, charged with assault, pleaded guilty and was fined \$1 and costs. This same defendant then had Drier, the prosecuting witness in the preceding case, arrested for disturbing his peace. The prisoner pleaded not guilty and the case was set for hearing today at 1 o'clock. State vs. Briley, charged with stealing window shades was arraigned and it appeared his daughter was the culprit and she pleaded guilty, being fined \$1 and costs. Civil work occupied Justices Keenan and Mosley.

**POLICE COURT.**  
A couple of drunks from the preceding day were each fined \$5 yesterday and a lock up was collected by Judge Mueller. The yesterday's docket up to a late hour last evening was marred only by the arrest of one vag, who put up \$50 for his appearance in the sweet by and bye. The jointests all try themselves by pleading guilty and imposing a fine of \$50, which they allow their recognition to go to pay. The police report everything quiet on the streets since the convention.

**MANUSCRIPT BY THE BARBER.**  
One of the perplexing problems of life to the man who cannot handle a razor upon his own face is the unreasonable and aggravating habit which the average barber has of rubbing soap into his victim's chin until the skin is in a state of irritation and the bone aches with the pressure of muscular fiber. The barber says that he has to do this to get the hair soft, but at this point science takes issue with him, and says that the skin alone is affected. The victim groans, changes barbers in vain, and